1 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025) 3 ENGROSSED SENATE 4 BILL NO. 583 By: Rader of the Senate 5 and 6 Pfeiffer of the House 7 8 9 An Act relating to sales tax; amending 68 O.S. 2021, Section 1368.3, which relates to noncompliant taxpayer; modifying definition; expanding certain 10 requirements to avoid closure of business and provide defense to the closure of business; and providing an 11 effective date. 12 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 14 SECTION 1. 68 O.S. 2021, Section 1368.3, is 15 AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 16 17 Section 1368.3. A. As used in this section, "noncompliant taxpayer" means any taxpayer operating under a sales tax permit who, 18 within any consecutive twenty-four-month period, has failed to 19 20 timely file two reports or timely remit tax due for any two (2) months, as required under the provisions of any tax law. Provided, 21 a taxpayer shall not be deemed noncompliant for nonpayment of income 22 23 taxes. 24

- B. In addition to all other remedies provided by law for the collection of unpaid taxes, the Oklahoma Tax Commission may close the business of a noncompliant taxpayer, subject to the administrative and judicial appeal procedures provided in this section, if the noncompliant taxpayer, within any consecutive twenty-four-month period, fails to timely file three reports or timely remit tax due for any three (3) months, as required under the provisions of any tax law.
- C. 1. The Tax Commission shall give notice to a noncompliant taxpayer that the third delinquency in reporting or remitting tax in any consecutive twenty-four-month period will result in the closure of the business. The notice must be in writing and delivered to the noncompliant taxpayer by the United States Postal Service or by hand delivery.
- 2. If the noncompliant taxpayer has a third delinquency in reporting or remitting tax in any consecutive twenty-four-month period after the issuance of the notice provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection, the Tax Commission shall notify the noncompliant taxpayer by certified mail or by hand delivery that the business will be closed within five (5) business days from the date of the delivery or attempted delivery of the notice unless the noncompliant taxpayer makes arrangements with the Tax Commission to satisfy the tax delinquency. When the fifth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the performance of the act is considered timely if it

- 1 is performed on the next succeeding business day that is not a 2 Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
 - D. A noncompliant taxpayer may avoid closure of the business by:
 - 1. Filing all delinquent reports and remitting the delinquent tax including any interest and penalty; or
 - a. Entering into a payment agreement approved by the Tax
 Commission to satisfy the tax delinquency, and
 - b. Filing all required reports and remitting all taxes due for a consecutive twenty-four-month period.
 - E. The decision to close the business of a noncompliant taxpayer will be final and absolute if the noncompliant taxpayer fails to request an administrative hearing as provided in subsection F of this section.
 - F. 1. A noncompliant taxpayer may request an administrative hearing concerning the decision of the Tax Commission to close the business of a noncompliant taxpayer by filing with the Tax Commission a written protest, signed by the noncompliant taxpayer or the authorized agent of the noncompliant taxpayer, stating the reasons for opposing the closure of the business and requesting an administrative hearing. The protest shall be timely if filed within five (5) business days after the delivery or attempted delivery of the notice required by paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section.

- 2. A noncompliant taxpayer may request that an administrative hearing be held in person, by telephone, upon written documents furnished by the noncompliant taxpayer, or upon written documents and any evidence produced by the noncompliant taxpayer at an administrative hearing. The Tax Commission shall have the discretion to determine whether an administrative hearing at which testimony is to be presented will be conducted in person or by telephone. A noncompliant taxpayer who requests an administrative hearing based upon written documents is not entitled to any other administrative hearing prior to the date a decision is rendered by the hearing officer.
- 3. The administrative hearing will be conducted by a hearing officer appointed by the Tax Commission. The hearing officer will set the time and place for a hearing and will give the noncompliant taxpayer notice of the hearing. The noncompliant taxpayer may be represented by an authorized representative and may present evidence in support of the position of the noncompliant taxpayer.
- 4. The administrative hearing will be held within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt by the Tax Commission of the request for hearing, as required in paragraph 1 of this subsection. The Tax Commission shall give the noncompliant taxpayer at least five (5) days' notice of the hearing.
- G. The defense or defenses to the closure of a business under this section include written proof that the noncompliant taxpayer:

- 1. Filed all delinquent returns and paid the delinquent tax due including interest and penalty; or
 - 2. <u>a.</u> Has entered into a written payment agreement, approved by the Tax Commission prior to the hearing, to satisfy the tax delinquency, and
 - <u>b.</u> Has had no more than three (3) instances of untimely filed reports or late tax remittances during a consecutive twenty-four-month period.
- H. 1. The decision of the hearing officer must be rendered in writing with copies delivered to the noncompliant taxpayer by the United States Postal Service or by hand delivery.
- 2. If the decision of the hearing officer is to affirm the closure of the business, the decision shall be submitted in writing and delivered by the United States Postal Service or by hand to the noncompliant taxpayer.
- 3. The noncompliant taxpayer may seek judicial relief from the decision of a hearing officer as provided in Section 225 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes for relief from a final order of the Tax Commission.
- I. The procedures established by this section are the sole methods for seeking relief from a written decision to close the business of a noncompliant taxpayer.
- J. After being given notice of an order of closure of a business pursuant to this section, it shall be unlawful for any

person to continue to operate the business. If a person continues or threatens to continue the unlawful operation of the business after having received proper notice of the closure, upon complaint of the Tax Commission, the person shall be enjoined from further operating or conducting the unlawful business. In all cases where injunction proceedings are brought under this subsection, the Tax Commission shall not be required to furnish bond. Where notice of closure has been given in accordance with the provisions of this section, no further notice shall be required before the issuance of a temporary restraining order.

- K. If a noncompliant taxpayer fails to timely seek
 administrative or judicial review of a business closure decision
 pursuant to this section, or if the business closure decision is
 affirmed after administrative or judicial review, the Tax Commission
 shall affix a written notice to all entrances of the business that:
- 1. Identifies the business as being subject to a business closure order; and
- 2. States that the business is prohibited from further operation.
- 20 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET, dated 04/17/2025 - DO PASS.